

## Consumer Confidence Report

## Annual Drinking Water Quality Report

TREMONT

IL1790700

Annual Water Quality Report for the period of January 1 to December 31, 2024

This report is intended to provide you with important information about your drinking water and the efforts made by the water system to provide safe drinking water.

The source of drinking water used by TREMONT is Ground Water

For more information regarding this report contact:

Name Russell Boston

Phone 309-925-5711

Este informe contiene información muy importante sobre el agua que usted bebe. Tráddzcalo ó hable con alguien que lo entienda bien.

Source of Drinking Water
The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the EPAs Safe Drinking Water Hotline at (800) 426-4791.	In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations which limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. FDA regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water which must provide the same protection for public health.	Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).	Lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. The drinking water supplier is responsible for providing high quality drinking water and removing lead pipes, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components in your home. You share the responsibility for protecting yourself and your family from the lead in your home plumbing. You can take responsibility by identifying and removing lead materials within your home plumbing and taking steps to reduce your family's risk. Before drinking tap water, flush your pipes for several minutes by running your tap, taking a shower, doing laundry or a load of dishes. You can also use a filter certified by an American National Standard Institute accredited certifier
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to reduce lead in drinking water. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested, contact Russell Boston at 309-925-5711. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>.

## Source Water Information

Source Water Name	Type of Water	Report Status	Location
WELL 6 (50030)	GW	<u>Active</u>	E END OF HORTON COURT
WELL 7 (50031)	GW	<u>Active</u>	300 FT E OF WELL 6

## Source Water Assessment

We want our valued customers to be informed about their water quality. If you would like to learn more, please feel welcome to attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. The source water assessment for our supply has been completed by the Illinois EPA. If you would like a copy of this information, please stop by City Hall or call our water operator at 309-925-5711. To view a summary version of the completed Source Water Assessments, including: Importance of Source Water; Susceptibility to Contamination Determination; and documentation/recommendation of Source Water Protection Efforts, you may access the Illinois EPA website at <http://www.epa.state.il.us/cgi-bin/wp/swap-fact-sheets.pl>.

Source of Water: TREMONT TO determine Tremont's susceptibility to contamination, a Well Site Survey, published in 1989 by the Illinois EPA, was reviewed. During the survey of Tremont's source water protection area, Illinois EPA staff recorded no potential sources, routes, or possible problem sites within the 1,000 foot survey radius of wells #6 and #7. The Illinois EPA has determined that Tremont's source water is not susceptible to IOC, SOC, and VOC contamination. This determination is based on a number of criteria including: monitoring conducted at the wells; monitoring conducted at the entry point to the distribution system; and the available hydrogeologic data on the wells. Based on information provided by Tremont's water supply officials, the following facilities have changed their status: Gauger Motors (tanks and soil removed); and Brunner Bros. (new tanks with monitors).

## Lead and Copper

**Definitions:**

Action Level: The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.  
 Action Level Goal (ALG): The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. ALGs allow for a margin of safety.

Copper Range: <1.0 ppb to 2.7 ppm  
 Lead Range: <1.0 ppb to 10 ppb

To obtain a copy of the system's lead tap sampling data: \_\_\_\_\_

CIRCLE ONE: Our Community Water Supply has developed a service line material inventory.

To obtain a copy of the system's service line inventory: Call Village Hall at 309-925-5711

Lead and Copper	Date Sampled	MCLG	Action Level (AL)	90th Percentile	# Sites Over AL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Copper	2024	1.3	1.3	1.6	6	ppm	N	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits.
Lead	2024	0	15	2	0	ppb	N	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits.

## Water Quality Test Results

Definitions:

Avg:

Level 1 Assessment:

Level 2 Assessment:

Maximum Contaminant Level or MCL: A Level 1 assessment is a study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system.

A Level 2 assessment is a very detailed study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why an E. coli MCL violation has occurred and/or why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system on multiple occasions.

The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal or MCLG: The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

## **Water Quality Test Results**

Maximum residual disinfectant level goal or MRDLG:

na:

mrem:

ppb:

ppm:

Treatment Technique or TT:

The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

not applicable.

millirems per year (a measure of radiation absorbed by the body)

micrograms per liter or parts per billion - or one ounce in 7,350,000 gallons of water.

milligrams per liter or parts per million - or one ounce in 7,350 gallons of water.

A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

## Regulated Contaminants

Disinfectants and Disinfection By-Products	Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Levels Detected	MCLG	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Chlorine	2024	0.5	0.1 - 1.55	MRDLG = 4	ppm	N	Water additive used to control microbes.
Halosacetic Acids (HAA5)	2024	15	15.3 - 15.3	No goal for the total	60	ppb	By-product of drinking water disinfection.
Total Trihalomethanes (TTHM)	2024	22	22 - 22	No goal for the total	80	ppb	By-product of drinking water disinfection.
Inorganic Contaminants	Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Levels Detected	MCLG	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Arsenic	07/18/2023	4.6	4.6 - 4.6	0	10	ppb	N
Barium	07/18/2023	0.053	0.053 - 0.053	2	2	ppm	Discharge of drilling wastes; Discharge from metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits.
Fluoride	07/18/2023	0.757	0.757 - 0.757	4	4.0	ppm	Erosion of natural deposits; Water additive which promotes strong teeth; Discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories.
Iron	07/18/2023	0.023	0.023 - 0.023		1.0	ppm	This contaminant is not currently regulated by the USEPA. However, the state regulates. Erosion of natural deposits.
Manganese	07/18/2023	21	21 - 21	150	150	ppb	This contaminant is not currently regulated by the USEPA. However, the state regulates. Erosion of natural deposits.
Sodium	07/18/2023	230	230 - 230			ppb	Erosion from naturally occurring deposits. Used in water softener regeneration.